





Co-funded by the Eco-innovation Initiative of the European Union

#### PROGETTO WINCER: SINERGIA TRA I RIFIUTI PER LA PRODUZIONE DI PIASTRELLE CERAMICHE INNOVATIVE

WINCER Project: Waste synergy in the production of innovative ceramic tiles

#### **CONFERENZA FINALE**

FINAL CONFERENCE

Mercoledì, 13 dicembre 2017 Confindustria Ceramica – Sassuolo (MO), Viale Monte Santo 40

## Overview di progetto Project overview

Dr. Elisa Rambaldi, Centro Ceramico





#### **Project details**











#### **Project partners**

From month 1(January 2015) Till month 18 (June 2016)



From month 19 (July 2016) Till month 36 (December 2017)









#### **Project Background**

The European regulations encourage and boost industries towards a green and circular economy in which the "reuse" and "preparation for reuse" are the key words to reach an Innovating-to-Zero, ideal future at zero emission, zero waste, zero not-recyclable products.

#### **NEW CONCEPT OF CERAMIC MIX:**

Natural raw materials PLASTICIZER, FLUXING AND TEMPERIG are substituted by:













## Scientific research

Geographical provenience of scientific papers on waste recycling in porcelain stoneware mixes (from 2000 till 2017). Source: SCOPUS database.









## **Market analysis**

#### **Statistical analysis 2017 – EU market**

Percentages of sellers and shops in which "sustainable" ceramic tiles

#### are **recognizable**

(LEED, EPD, Ecolabel, ...)

#### or **not recognizable**













#### Products on the MARKET

	TRADITIONAL CERAMICS	SUSTAINABLE TILES ON THE MARKET
Sand and feldspar coming from national and foreign mines and quarries	60%	25% - 50%
Clays coming from national and foreign mines and quarries	36%	25% - 36%
Soda lime glass waste coming from urban collection (or similar)	0%	3% - 10%
Unfired green scrap tiles generated during the industrial ceramic process	4%	4% - 20%









## **Project AIM**



1. Saving of natural resources



2. Reduction of thermal energy consumption

3. Valorisation and

recovery of wastes













#### **Post-consumer wastes: glass**





#### **Glass SAVEL C**

Glass coming from urban separate collection NOT suitable for the glass industry. It is produced in the MINERALI INDUSTRIALI's plant.







# Pre-consumer wastes: by-products of the ceramic industry



#### **Unfired scrap tiles**

It represents about 4% of the total production and usually it is reused in the same production in a close cycle.















#### **Project activities**





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## **Results at month 18**



FINCIBEC's Industrial Production: sustainabel ceramic tiles (25x25 cm) containing 96% of recycled materials. This product, in accordance with EN 14411, belongs to class BIIb



(water absorption  $6 < E \le 10\%$ )









#### **Project final results**

MARAZZI's Industrial production: Porcelain stoneware tiles (class BIa) containing 85% of recycled materials

Format 30x60 cm glazed and not glazed















### **Project final results**

MARAZZI's Industrial production: Porcelain stoneware tiles (class BIa) containing 85% of recycled materials

Format 15x15 cm glazed





![](_page_14_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_15_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### The process

WINCER tiles are obtained with **traditional process** in which the maximum firing temperature if **1025°C** is sufficient to reach a **water absorption below to 0.5%.** 

#### WINCER tiles

belong to **group Bla** and have to fulfill with the requirements of annex G of EN 14411.

![](_page_16_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_6.jpeg)

RETE ALTA TECNOLOGIA E MILIA - ROMAGNA HIGH TECHNOLOGY NETWORK

![](_page_17_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_17_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Model of production and offer

Due to technical reasons, these tiles are produced in a **dedicated production line**, not shared with other type of production.

**Small series production** 

On-demand production Just in time production

Production based on customer's needs

![](_page_17_Picture_7.jpeg)

Huge type of formats and surface finishings

![](_page_17_Picture_9.jpeg)

The most versatile format is the 30x60 cm. It can be included in the "large format" group, suitable both for outdoor and indoor destinations.

![](_page_17_Picture_11.jpeg)

18

![](_page_18_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_2.jpeg)

## Technical PERFORMANCE

30x60 cm glazed tiles are compliant with the standard EN 14411 and obtained the UNI-Keymark certification

![](_page_18_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_6.jpeg)

**Series** "STONEWORK GL SR, tipo WINCER, codice K1EH"

![](_page_18_Picture_8.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Ecological BEHAVIOUR

![](_page_19_Picture_3.jpeg)

#### Lower environmental impact LCA STUDY (ISO 14040 e ISO 14044)

Environmental indicators (EN 15804)	Tile 85% recycled	Traditional tile
Global Warming Potential, GWP	1.09%	24-25%
Ozone Depletion Potential, ODP	0.43%	69-75%
[kg CFC11-eq.] Acidification Potential. AP		
[kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]	2.80%	54-56%
Eutrophication Potential, EP [kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3</sup> -eq.]	3.35%	26-27%
Pothochem. Ozone Creation Pot., POCP	2.08%	37-39%
[kg Ethen eq.]		

![](_page_19_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### RETE ALTA TECNOLOGIA E MILIA - R 0 MAGNA HIGH TECHNOLOGY NETWORK

## Ecological BEHAVIOUR

WINCER tiles obtained the certification **LEED Certiquality** for the amount of recycled materials: 85% (30% pre-consumer and 55% post-consumer wastes).

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![](_page_20_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

Lower amount of quartz in the WINCER spray dried powder respect to a traditional spray dried powder: -55%

# Health in the WORKPLACE

![](_page_21_Picture_4.jpeg)

SOCIAL sustainability

Lower Respirable fraction of

**Crystalline Silica (RSC):** 

	RCS Potential
WINCER spray dried powder	1.9%
Traditional spray dried powder	5.2%

RCS values in WINCER production are lower of about 63%, respect to those of a traditional porcelain stoneware.

![](_page_21_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_0.jpeg)

			-		
Traditional mix for per 1m <sup>2</sup> tile					
	Compos.	kg	Cost/m <sup>2</sup>		
Clay	36%	7.92	0.55€		
Feldspar sand	64%	14.08	0.55€		
Chemical agents			0.002€		
Milling			0.66€		
TOTAL	100%	22	1.76 €		

WINCER mix for 1m <sup>2</sup> tile				
	Compos.	kg	Cost/m <sup>2</sup>	
Clay	15%	3.3	0.26€	
Unfired scrap tiles	30%	6.6	0.0066€	
Scrap glass	55%	12.1	0.363 €	
Chemical agents			0.002€	
Milling			0.55 €	
TOTALE	100%	22	1.18 €	

Decreasing of cost production: -33%

![](_page_22_Picture_4.jpeg)

## ECONOMIC sustainability

## Lower industrial costs for mix preparation:

- Lower expenses for raw materials
- •Recovery of pre and post consumer wastes
- •Lower methane and energy consumption

![](_page_22_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Figure_2.jpeg)

ENVIRONMENTAL sustainability

SOCIAL sustainability

ECONOMIC sustainability

![](_page_23_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_2.jpeg)

**2.** Acquisition of the world leadership in the production of high recycled content ceramic tiles.

1. Promotion of the Circular Economy

**3.** Widening of the ceramic products market by including more sustainable ones in substitution of other materials.

EUROPEAN added value

**4.** Reduction of energy consumption and  $CO_2$  emissions.

**5.** Higher health in the workplace.

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![](_page_25_Picture_1.jpeg)

## EUROPEAN added value

![](_page_25_Picture_3.jpeg)

WINCER tiles developed at national level represent:

> a model of **sustainable tiles** able to boost other ceramic company in Italy or in Europe;

 $\succ$  a **virtuous example** among marketable sustainable products, in line with the EU policies that will become more and more restrictive.

![](_page_25_Picture_7.jpeg)

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![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### Acknowledgments

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![](_page_26_Picture_10.jpeg)

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